	Actual implementation in the MS	Comments	Instructions for assessment/explanati
2018/03/02)	·		
AL			
Disclosure system implemented	YES		NO: No legislation and no system in place Almost in line: have a legislation in place but does consider all elements required by the directive e. e environmental legislation YES: legislation in place + all elements disclosed
- Legislation	Loi du 1er août 2007 relative à l'organisation du marché de l'électricité, Art. 49 (inofficial coordinated text https://assets.ilr.lu/energie/Documents/ILRLU-1685561960-150.pdf); Règlement grand-ducal du 21 juin 2010 relatif au système d'étiquetage de l'électricité http://legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/memorial/2010/98; Règlement E11/14/ILR du 29 mars 2011 portant fixation des valeurs par défaut de l'impact environnemental et abrogeant le règlement E10/24/ILR du 19 octobre 2010 portant fixation des valeurs par défaut de l'impact environnemental et brogeant le règlement E10/24/ILR du 19 octobre 2010 portant fixation des valeurs par défaut de l'impact environnemental http://legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rilr/2011/03/29/n1/jo; Règlement grand-ducal du 1er août 2014 relatif à la production d'électricité basée sur les sources d'énergies renouvelables. https://assets.ilr.lu/energie/Documents/ILRLU-1685561960-396.pdf; Règlement grand-ducal du 26 décembre 2012 relatif à la production d'électricité basée sur la cogénération à haut rendement, http://www.legilux.public.lu/leg/a/archives/2012/0300/a300.pdf#page=65 tel que modifié par le règlement grand-ducal du 22 juin 2016 http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rgd/2016/06/22/n2/jo; Further details of the disclosure methodology and process are set by the ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016 on the determination of the composition and the environmental impact of the supplied electricity: http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rilr/2016/10/03/n1/jo		Please name the relevant regulations and provide internet reference (preferably a version in English,
- When did the regulation(s) regarding disclosure come into force?	Please see reply above at row 6. Please note that amendments/ replacements have been made since 2007.		Please name the date in which the regulation(s) of force.
- Competent Body (who is and since when?)	ILR - Institut Luxembourgeois de Régulation - www.ilr.lu since 2010		Please specify and provide reference to legal nom and the date since when the body was appointed
RE-GO system implemented	YES.		NO: no secondary legislation and no system in pl. Almost inline: secondary legislation in place but r registry YES: Secondary legislation in place + registry
- Legislation	See Art. 18 of the Loi du 1er août 2007 relative à l'organisation du marché de l'électricité, (inofficial coordinated text https://assets.ilr.lu/energie/Documents/ILRLU-1685561960-150.pdf); Règlement grand-ducal du 1er août 2014 relatif à la production d'électricité basée sur les sources d'énergies renouvelables. https://assets.ilr.lu/energie/Documents/ILRLU-1685561960-396.pdf; ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016 on the determination of the composition and the environmental impact of the supplied electricity: http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rilr/2016/10/03/n1/jo		Please name the relevant regulations and provide internet reference
- Competent Body (who is and since when?)	ILR - Institut Luxembourgeois de Régulation - www.ilr.lu since 2010		Please specify and provide reference to legal nom and the date since when the body was appointed
- Is the appointed Competent Body the only competent body in your domain for Gos (Who and When)?	YES		Please specify

CHP-GO system implemented	YES	NO : no secondary legislation and no system in place Almost inline : secondary legislation in place but no registry YES : Secondary legislation in place + registry
- Legislation	See Art. 18 of the Loi du 1er août 2007 relative à l'organisation du marché de l'électricité, (inofficial coordinated text https://assets.ilr.lu/energie/Documents/ILRLU-1685561960-150.pdf); Règlement grand-ducal du 26 décembre 2012 relatif à la production d'électricité basée sur la cogénération à haut rendement, http://www.legilux.public.lu/leg/a/archives/2012/0300/a300.pdf#page=65 tel que modifié par le règlement grand-ducal du 22 juin 2016 http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rgd/2016/06/22/n2/jo; ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016 on the determination of the composition and the environmental impact of the supplied electricity: http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rilr/2016/10/03/n1/jo	Please name the relevant regulations and provide and internet reference
- Competent Body (who is and since when?)	ILR - Institut Luxembourgeois de Régulation - www.ilr.lu since 2012	Please specify and provide reference to legal nomination and the date since when the body was appointed
 Is the appointed Competent Body the only competent body in your domain for Gos (Who and When)? 	YES	Please specify and provide reference to legal nomination and the date since when the body was appointed
ID Implementation of the elements of the Directive Related to GOs Definition		
The sole function of a GO is the usage for disclosure purposes for final customers.	YES	YES: in the Domain GO is defined as such (electronic energy certificate that meets the requirement of the RES Directive for RE-GO) NO: in the Domain GO is not defined as such NA: No RE-GO system in place
Implementation of Article 15 of the Directive		TWATTO NE GO STACITI III DIREC
Have you fully implemented the requirements of Art. 15 of the RES- Directive?	YES	
If not, please specifiy the ones which you have not implemented yet.		
ID RE-DISS BPR		
12th Month Rule		
Metered production periods for issuing GOs are not longer than a calendar month.	According to Point E.6 of Domain Protocol Luxembourg: An EECS Certificate may only be issued by a Member in respect of the Output of a Production Device: (b) where the last day on which such Output was generated is not more than: (i) thirteen (13) calendar months after the first day on which the measured Output was generated; https://www.aib-net.org/documents/103816/-/-/58f2b156-0370-5f42-1045-89a801a5e697	NO: metered periods for issuing GOs are longer than a calendar year YES: If true Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess RES-GO system
Metered production periods for issuing GOs do not run across the start and end of disclosure periods. Longer intervals up to one year are acceptable for very small plants, for example.	YES	NO: Metered periods for issuing GO run across the start and end of disclosure periods. YES: If true Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only assess RES-GO system
If possible, issuing of GOs is done DIRECTLY after the end of each production period (potential excemption PV)	YES	NO: more than 6 months after the end of the production period Almost in line: between 3 and 6 months after the PP YES: within 3 months after the production period

Lifetime of GO is limited to 12 months after the end of the	YES	NO : is not true
production period.		YES: is true
· ·		Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only asses
		RES-GO system
		In the description section, please identify if this is true for other GO systems in place as well
GOs that have reached this lifetime (and haven't been used for	NO. Luxembourg residual mix does not take into consideration RES, i.e. it is equal to the European	NO : is not true
disclosure) are collected into the Residual Mix	ENTSO-E mix minus RES attributes.	YES: is true
disclosure) are concered into the Residual Wilk	ENTSO E MIX MINUS RES attributes.	Nota Bene: in case only RES GOs implemented only asses
		RES-GO system
		In the description section, please identify if this is true for
Cancellations of GO relating to production periods in a given year X	YES	other GO systems in place as well Answer is YES or NO
which take place until a given deadline in year X+1 count for		Nota Bene : in case only RES GO is implemented only
,		assess RES-GO system
disclosure in year X. Later cancellations count for disclosure in year		Please provide details of the system in place in the
X+1. (In case that disclosure periods differ from the calendar year,		Domain.
the deadline is defined accordingly.)		Neg B. W. J.
Deadline is set on 31 March X+1	NO. The deadline is set at 15 May X+1	YES: Deadline is the stated one NO: Different Deadline
		If other, Please state the deadline in the description
		column.
The same allocation rule applies for expired GO: The date of expiry	YES	Answer is YES or NO"
thus determines the disclosure period for which information from		Nota Bene : in case only RES GOs implemented only asses
expired GO will be used.		RES-GO system
age of EECS		
The implementation of GO in all countries in Europe is based on the	YES YES	NO : transfers of GOs between registries are not done
European Energy Certificate System (EECS) operated by the		through EECS
Association of Issuing Bodies (AIB). In case that national GO system	S	YES : transfers of GOs between registries are done
are established outside the EECS, then EECS is at least used for		through EECS
transfers between registries.		
Is the GO system in the country established exclusively according to	YES	YES: If true
EECS?		Almost in Line: both national GO and EECS system
		NO: if not true
Does the domain utilise the AIB Hub for international transfers?	YES	Yes: If true
		Almost in Line: also use other systems for transfer of GO besides the AIB Hub
		No: if not true
In case that not all European countries are members of EECS,	YES	NO : no procedure to assess reliability and accuracy of GO
appropriate connections between the EECS system and non-EECS		YES : procedures in place to assess reliability and accuracy
members as well as between different non-EECS members are to b	e	of GO
established. These include inter alia procedures for assessing the		
reliability and accuracy of the GO issued in a certain country and		
interfaces for the electronic transfer of GO.		
Ex-domain cancellations of GO, where a GO is cancelled in one	YES	NO : none of the two statements are true
registry and a proof of cancellation is then transferred to another		Almost in line : one of the statements is true
country in order to be used there for disclosure purposes, are only		YES: Both statements are true
used if there is no possibility for a secure electronic transfer and if		Nota Bene : in case only RES GOs implemented only asset
there is an agreement on such ex-domain cancellations between the	Δ Δ	RES-GO system
competent bodies involved. Statistical information on all ex-domai		
cancellations are be made available in order to support Residual M		
	^{[A}]	
calculations.		

GOs are issued only for the net generation of a power plant, i.e. gross	YES	NO : If not true
generation minus the consumption of all auxiliaries related to the process of power production. For hydro power plants involving pumped storage this means that GOs are issued only for the net generation which can be attributed to natural inflow into the reservoir.		YES : If true
Verification mechanisms are implemented for ongoing control of registered data (e.g. reaudits, random checks, etc.).	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
Correct accounting of RES share of combustion plants is assured by adequate measures (EECS Rules)	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
The competent body can correct errors in GOs it has issued before they are exported, and is the only one with this competence.	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
The GO system is extended beyond RES & cogeneration to all types of electricity generation.	NO. Not for issuing. ILR plans to accept GOs for all energy sources. This will be mentioned in the new Domain Protocol for Luxembourg, to be published in the course of the year 2018.	NO : no extension YES : extension in place
, -	NO. GOs may be issued on demand by a producer of energy from renewable sources. ILR is planning	NO : If not true
that production, e.g. for the disclosure of supported electricity	to issue GOs for certain production devices receiving product support and to auction those GOs to any account holder registered in the AIB Hub.	YES : If true
The Competent body has made the use of GOs mandatory for all electricity supplied to final consumers (full disclosure implemented).	NO. Full disclosure is not implemented (there is no issuing of fossil and nuclear GOs in Domain Luxembourg), however suppliers certify the quantities of energy supplied using as proofs the certificates of the tracking mechanisms described in Article 3(2) of ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016, furthermore publication of fuelmix disclosure statements for electricity products is compulsory on suppliers having final clients in Luxembourg. Fuelmix disclosure statements for each electricity product commercialised need to be published by September 1st at the latest of year X+1.	NO : If not true YES : If true
All types of GO are handled in one comprehensive registry system per country. (For an exception see the coexistence of national GO systems and EECS)	YES	Almost in line: if more than one registry, but closely coordinated YES: one comprehensive registry NO: Different registries
Technical changes to plants are registered as soon as is reasonably practicable.	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
GOs have no function in terms of target compliance and should not be used as support instrument. All GOs are linked to disclosure.	YES	YES: all GOs are linked to disclosure Almost in line: if at least RES GO system is linked with disclosure, but others not clearly NO: no GO system is linked to disclosure
A GO is considered as being used only once it has been electronically cancelled.	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
After cancellation, no further cancellation, transfer or export of the given GO is possible	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true
After expiry, no further cancellation, transfer or export of the given GO is possible	YES	NO : If not true YES : If true

An exported GO is marked as removed from the exporting registry	YES	NO : If not true
		YES : If true
Processes in the registry excludes duplication of GOs.	YES	NO : If not true
		YES : If true
Registries are audited on a regular basis.	YES	NO : If not true
		YES : If true
If multiple certificates are to be issued, e.g. a GO for disclosure and	12 VEC	NO : not legally separated
support certificate for management of a support system, then thes		YES: legally separated
are legally separated.		NA: no multiple certifcates
This GO combines the functionalities of a RES-GO and a high	YES. The GOs treated by the national register of GOs are from RES only, including HEC from RES. HEC-	NO : the GO does not combine both informations (I
efficiency cogeneration GO.	GOs from non-RES sources are not treated by the national register of GOs.	one information).
efficiency cogeneration GO.	GOS From Hori-Res sources are not treated by the national registry of GOS.	YES : the GO combines both RES and CHP in one GO
GO as the unique "tracking certificat		
GO is the only "tracking certificate" used. Any other tracking system		YES : GO is the only tracking certificate
of a similar purpose and function as GO are closely coordinated wit		Almost in line : coordination between GO and othe certificate
GO and eventually converted to GO.	suppliers for disclosure in Luxembourg, other certificates which are established by independent	NO : no coordination between the 2 systems
	organisations or a competent authority, attributes for national supported electricity. ILR verifies that	
	for a given output unit, 1MWh, no multiple certificates are provided. ILR guarantees that the	
	attributes for the same MWh are only disclosed once and that only 1 type of dislosure evidence is	
	allowed per MWh.	
Besides GO, only Reliable Tracking Systems (which may include	YES. Accepted tracking mechanisms are: GOs, bilateral contracts between producers and suppliers	YES: GO + RM or GO + RM + RTS
contract based tracking) and the Residual Mix is available for usage	for disclosure in Luxembourg, other certificates which are established by independent organisations	NO : GO + other tracking system which is not a RTS
for disclosure. No other tracking mechanisms are accepted.	or a competent authority, attributes for national supported electricity.	
Green power quality labels use GO as the unique tracking	NO. Fuelmix disclosure statements for electricity products use all accepted tracking mechanisms as	eithter YES or NO or NA if no green power label
mechanism.	described in Article 3(2) of ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016. Green power quality labels	
	can apply to any accepted tracking mechanism.	
Recognition of GO imported from other countri		luma ut di
European countries choose one of the two following options and	YES	YES : If one of the options is applied NO : If none of the options is applied
apply it consistently for all foreign GO:		NA : no rejection of GO foreseen in the legislation
- Rejection of GOs only relates to the cancellation of GOs and		,
subsequent use for disclosure purposes in the respective country a	nd	
does not restrict the transfers of GOs between the registry of the		
considered country and the registries of their countries. This means		
that the decision about the recognition of a GO does not hinder its		
import into the considered country.		
- Rejection of GOs implies blocking their import to the national		
registry.		
The choice of one or the other ention is transparent for all modules	YES	YES : If true
The choice of one or the other option is transparent for all market	IES	NO : If not true
parties and clearly communicated.		NA : no rejection of GO foreseen in the legislation

Within the rules set by the respective Directives, European countries consider their criteria for the acceptance of imported GOs for purposes of disclosure. These criteria address imports at least from all EU member states, other members of the European Economic Area (EEA) and Switzerland. The parties to the Energy Community Treaty are considered as well, as soon as GO imports from these countries become relevant. The criteria specify the electronic interfaces, data format and contents of GOs to be imported, which the respective country	YES YES	NO : no rejection criteria YES : Rejection criteria have been listed Almost in line : Rejection criteria being discussed NO :criteria do not address imports of GO YES :criteria address imports of GO NO : criteria do not specify electronic interface, data format and contents of GO to be imported
accepts for imports of GOs (such as the EECS Hub). Conditions for the recognition of GOs from other countries are that	YES	YES :criteria do specify electronic interface, data format and contents of GO to be imported NO : If not true YES : If true
they were issued based on Art. 15 of Directive 2009/28/EC or compatible national legislation, and that they meet the explicit requirements set in Art. 15, for example, regarding the information content of the GOs.		YES: If true
The recognition of GOs from other countries is rejected if these countries have not implemented an electricity disclosure system.	YES. This criteria is not foreseen in national legislation. However, so far only EECS GOs have been recognised for disclosure in Luxembourg, i.e. only GOs from countries having implemented an electricity disclosure system. ILR believes that there is a real risk for accepting GOs from a country that has no disclosure legislation, as the lack of disclosure legislation means that avoidance of double-counting cannot be assured.	NO : If not true YES : If true
which has issued the GOs or the country which is exporting the GOs	YES. This criteria is not foreseen in national legislation. However, so far only EECS GOs have been recognised for disclosure in Luxembourg, i.e. only GOs from countries having implemented appropriate measures which effectively avoid double counting of the attributes represented by the GOs.	NO : If not true YES : If true Almost in line: if part of the measures are implemented
Disclosure Schemes and other Reliable Tracking Systems Full disclosure schemes are implemented, including the disclosure of CO ₂ emissions and radioactive waste.	YES	YES or NO or Almost in line if only CO ₂ or Nuclear waste or other restriction (e.g. only provided on website and not with bills and information material) In the description column please specify: - If the answer is almost in line, please describe the attribute that is missing (or any other restriction). - Please insert the energy sources (fuels) that have to the distinguished. - Also specify if certain attributes are allocated as "unknown" share in the fuel mix?

	·	
RTS (Reliable Tracking Systems) can comprise, where applicable: - Homogeneous disclosure mixes for regulated market segments where no choice of supplier or different products exists, - Support systems whose interaction with disclosure requires a certain allocation of the attributes of supported generation (e.g. a pro-rata allocation to all consumers in a country where RES electricity is supported by a feed-in tariff), - Contract based tracking	YES	NA YES : if true Almost in line NO is not allowed
Calculations of Residual Mixes		
Where a full-disclosure system has not been implemented in the country, the countries provide a Residual Mix (RM) as a default set of data for disclosure of energy volumes for which no attributes are available based on cancelled GO or based on other Reliable Tracking Systems. The use of uncorrected generation statistics (e.g. on national or UCTE, Nordel etc. levels) are avoided.	YES	YES: proper RM calculation, or fully explicit tracking system applied based on GO and RTS Almost in line: default set of data avoiding double counting of RES attributes; or fully explicit tracking system applies, but not fully based on GO and RTS NO: No RM
The calculation of the Residual Mix follows the methodology developed in the RE-DISS project and taken over by the AIB.	NO. The calculation of the Residual Mix of Luxembourg is based on the European ENTSO-E mix with all RES shares being deducted (European ENTSO-E mix minus RES attributes).	YES : use of RE-DISS European Residual mix or of RE-DISS national RM NO : no use of RE-DISS mixes
The Competent body from my country cooperates with AIB in order to adjust the Residual Mix in reflection of cross-border transfers of physical energy, GO and RTS.	NO. The Residual Mix of Luxembourg calculated by ILR is not adjusted after its publication.	YES : if true (including e.g. Data collection of RE-DISS) NO : if not true
For purposes of this cross-border adjustment, the competent body uses data provided by RE-DISS. The comptent body also supports the collection of input data for the related calculations by the AIB (and it's consultant).	NA .	The focus is on the first part of the sentence YES: use of AIB RM data (RE-DISS methodology) Almost in line: use of EAM data (in case of deficit domains) NO: no use of AIB data NA: fully explicit disclosure system (without unknown shares)
As a default, the Residual Mix is calculated on a national level. However, in case that electricity markets of several countries are closely integrated (e.g. in the Nordic region), a regional approach to the Residual Mix may be taken. This should only be done after an agreement has been concluded amongst all countries in this region which ensures a coordinated usage of the regional Residual Mix.	YES. National approach.	YES: coordinated regional approach or national approach NO: uncoordinated regional approach or no RM NA
Contract based tracking		
If contract based tracking (CBT) is allowed in a country, it is regulated clearly and declared in the domain protocol.	YES	YES: true or CBT accepted NO: not true Almost in line: CBT exists and efforts have been made to regulate it NA: CBT not allowed

Such regulations ensure that - The rules of the tracking system are transparent and comprehensive and are clearly understood by all participants in the system. - Double counting of attributes and loss of disclosure information is minimised within the contract based tracking scheme and also in the interaction of the contract based tracking scheme to GO and other RTS (if applicable). As a precondition for this, the contract based tracking scheme is able to provide comprehensive statistics about the volumes and types of electricity attributes which are tracked through it. - The relevant information for disclosure purposes is available in time to meet the timing requirements		YES : true NO : not true Almost in line : CBT exists and efforts have been made to regulate it NA : when CBT is not allowed
Timing of Disclosure		
Electricity disclosure is based on calendar years.	YES	YES or NO Almost in line: if calendar year + another period can be chosen (ex. Financial year) In the description column, if other period is used, please identify it: starting date-end date
The deadline for cancelling GO for purposes of disclosure in a given year X is 31 March of year X+1.	NO. The deadline for cancelling GOs for purposes of disclosure in a given year X is 15 May of year X+1.	Yes: Deadline is the stated one No: Different Deadline If other, Pleas state the deadline in the description column.
Further Recommendations on Disclosure		
The relation between support schemes for RES & cogeneration on the one side and GO and disclosure schemes on the other side are clarified. Where necessary, the support schemes should be defined as RTS	YES	YES: clear allocation of supported attributes NO: no clear allocation of supported attributes Almost in line: not allowed NA: No legislation In the description column please describe how supported energy is allocated to consumers in terms of disclosure.
If support schemes are using transferable certificates, then these	NA. ILR plans to transfer certificates for renewable electricity of some production devices receiving production support as GOs, these transferable certificates would be GOs, i.e. no multiple certificates.	NO : not legally separated YES : legally seperated
certificates are separated from GO	,	NA: no multiple certifcates
· ·	NO. Other tracking mechanisms accepted for disclosure as defined by Article 3(2) of ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016.	NA: no multiple certifcates YES: only GOs accepted for green products NO: other TS accepted for green products NA: no green products on the market Almost in line: not allowed

Suppliers offering two or more products which are differentiated regarding the origin of the energy are required to give product-related disclosure information to all their customers, including those which are buying the "default" remaining product of the supplier.	YES	YES or NO NA: no green products on the market Almost in line: only product mix is disclosed, but not the (mandatory) supplier mix
There are clear rules for the claims which suppliers of e.g. green power can make towards their consumers. There are rules on how the "additionality" of such products can be measured (the effect which the product has on actually reducing the environmental impact of power generation), and suppliers are required to provide to consumers the rating of each product based on these rules.	YES	YES : clear rules on green products NO : no clear rules NA : no green products on the market Almost in line : not allowed
Claims made by suppliers and consumers of green or other low- carbon energy relating to carbon emissions or carbon reductions are regulated clearly. These regulations avoid double counting of low- carbon energy in such claims. A decision is taken whether such claims should adequately reflect whether the energy purchased was "additional" or not.	YES	YES : clear rules on green products NO : no clear rules NA : no green products on the market Almost in line : not allowed
In case that suppliers are serving final consumers in several countries rules are developed and implemented consistently in the countries involved on whether the company disclosure mix of these suppliers relates to all consumers or only to those in a single country.	YES. The supplier mix is calculated taking into consideration all national and foreign supplies, i.e. total supplies to final clients in Luxembourg and to final clients in other countries.	For most countries Not Known (NK) applies if information cannot be found YES: clear rules on level of disclosure NO: known practices of international disclosure by suppliers Almost in line: some progress has been made NA: not allowed
The following recommendations are followed with respect to the relation of disclosure to cooperation mechanisms (Art 6 - 11 of Directive 2009/28/EC):		
a) If EU MS or MS or any other country agree on Joint Projects, such agreements also clarify the allocation of atributes (via GO, RTS or Residual Mix) issued from the respective power plants	NA NA	YES: If agreements for Joint Projects clarify the allocation of attributes NO: If the proposal is not true NA: No loint projects
 b) If EU MS agree on Joint Support Schemes, such agreements clarify the allocation of atributes (via GO, RTS or Residual Mix) issued from the power plants supported under these schemes 	NA NA	YES: If agreements for Joint Support Schemes clarify the allocation of attributes NO: If the proposal is not true NA: No joint projects

mation on the Recognition of GO			
Extra questions on recognition of GO		Instructions for assessment/explanations	
Does the Domain treat imported GO as national GO when it comes to disclosure? If so, please specify.	YES	NO: It treats imported GO differently from national issu GO in disclosure (for example: has criteria for accepting imported GO). YES: treats them equally "Almost in line" is not possible	
Does the Domain have criteria in place for accepting foreign GO for disclosure?	YES	YES : criteria in place NO : no criteria in place "Almost in line" is not possible NA : no rejection of GO foreseen in the legislation	

- If yes, please specify the criteria which are in place	RES-GOs cancelled in an EECS register are accepted for disclosure purposes in Luxembourg. HEC-GOs cancelled in an EECS register of an AIB member are accepted for disclosure purposes in Luxembourg if that AIB member has concluded an EDC agreement with ILR.	Please state which crietria of Art. 15 (6) RES Directive are implemented: Electronic database in place One competent body appointed by law all GOs linked to disclosure CO 2 emissions and radioactive waste included in disclosure display transparent publication of disclosure information others, please specify
Since when do you have these criteria in place?	Since 2010	Please specify
Are the criteria transparently published in your country?	YES. ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016 repealing ILR regulation E10/23/ILR of 21 September 2010. In addition, this is provided for in the Domain Protocol for Luxembourg: https://www.aib-net.org/documents/103816/-/-/58f2b156-0370-5f42-1045-89a801a5e697	Please specify and indicate where those are published. If electronically please provide a link.

Information on Environmental Parameters

What are the data basis for disclosing CO₂ emissions and radioactive waste when using GOs or other Reliable Tracking Systems for disclosing specific supplier mixes?

The data basis is described in Règlement E11/14/ILR du 29 mars 2011 portant fixation des valeurs par défaut de l'impact environnemental et abrogeant le règlement E10/24/ILR du 19 octobre 2010 portant fixation des valeurs par défaut de l'impact environnemental http://legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rilr/2011/03/29/n1/jo

Information on Disclosure aspects

Extra questions regarding the provision of disclosure information			Instructions for assessment/explanations
on a disclosure statement towards end consumers			mistractions for assessment/explanations
	YES. The template of the label is fixed by the Ministry of Economy of Luxembourg. Requirements on		
	how to display are provided in the Loi du 1er août 2007 relative à l'organisation du marché de		
	l'électricité, Art. 49 (inofficial coordinated text https://assets.ilr.lu/energie/Documents/ILRLU-		
Are there any regulations on graphical display of disclosure	1685561960-150.pdf) and by ILR regulation E16/37/ILR of 3 October 2016 on the determination of		
information by suppliers (requirements on how to display, fixed	the composition and the environmental impact of the supplied electricity:		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
format of disclosure statement,)	http://data.legilux.public.lu/eli/etat/leg/rilr/2016/10/03/n1/jo		website/regulation.
	YES. Comparison on the label is with the national supply mix and its environnmental impact values.	_	
Is there a requirement to provide comparison values besides supplier-			Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
and product mix? If so, which one (e.g. national production mix)			website/regulation.
Is disclosure information somehow controlled by an official or	YES. Disclosure information is approved by the regulator, which is also the Competent Auhority for		
independent institution? By whom? If so, is it audited or approved or	Disclosure: ILR, www.ilr.lu		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
calculated by that body?			website/regulation.
	YES. See labeling report of ILR on ILR website:		
Is disclosure information of different suppliers centrally available	https://web.ilr.lu/FR/Professionnels/Electricite/Commun/Publications/Rapports-et-		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
(e.g. at the Competent Body, on a central website)?	etudes/Pages/default.aspx under "Rapport biannuel sur l'étiquetage de l'électricité"		website/regulation.
Is there an official regulation on communication of aspects related to	NO	_	
additionality or ecological quality aspects together with disclosure?			Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
Please describe.			website/regulation.
Is there a specific regulation on disclosure of (high-efficient) CHP in	NO		Pls. Provide short explanation plus reference to
your domain?			website/regulation.